

Texas Department of State Health Services



Texas Influenza Surveillance Report 2022-2023 Season/ 2022 MMWR Week 48

(November 27, 2022 – December 3, 2022) Report produced on 12/9/2022

Summary

*This report excludes COVID-19 data. For information about COVID-19 in Texas, please visit www.dshs.texas.gov/coronavirus. Compared to the previous week, the percentage of specimens testing positive for influenza reported by hospital laboratories has decreased. The percentage of patient visits due to influenza-like illness (ILI) has decreased. One influenza-associated pediatric death was reported. 10 influenza-associated institutional outbreaks were reported in school facilities with no school closures reported.

Table 1: Summary of Texas Influenza (Flu) and Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Activity for the Current Week

| Texas Surveillance Component | Change from Previous Week | Current Week | Previous Week [†] | Page of Report |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| Statewide ILINet Activity Indicator assigned by CDC (intensity of influenza-like illness) | Stayed the Same | Very High | Very High | - |
| Percentage of specimens positive for influenza by hospital laboratories | ▼8.48% | 22.53% | 31.01% | 1 |
| Percentage of visits due to ILI (ILINet) | ▼1.09% | 8.17% | 9.26% | 4 |
| Number of regions reporting increased flu/ILI activity | ▼1 | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| Number of regions reporting decreased flu/ILI activity | ▲ 1 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| Number of variant/novel influenza infections | No cases reported | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Number of ILI/influenza outbreaks | Increased | 10 | 7 | 5-6 |
| Number of pediatric influenza deaths | Decreased | 1 | 2 | 6-7 |

[†]Data displayed have been updated since last week's flu report with any new reports received.

Laboratory Results

Influenza

Hospital laboratories across Texas voluntarily report influenza tests (antigen, culture, and PCR) to the National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS). Providers throughout Texas also submit specimens for influenza testing (PCR) to Texas public health laboratories, including the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS) state laboratory in Austin and the nine Texas Laboratory Response Network (LRN) laboratories. The results reported by Texas NREVSS participants and public health laboratories for the current week are summarized in the two tables below. Additional influenza test results (rapid tests, culture, PCR) and ILI activity were reported from providers and public health departments throughout the state (see county map at the end of this report).

Table 2: Influenza Testing Performed by Texas Hospital Laboratories for the Current Week

| | Week 48 | Season to Date Week Ending: December 3, 2022 |
|---|---------------|--|
| Number of labs reporting flu tests | 19 | |
| Number of specimens tested | 14405 | 119190 |
| Number of positive specimens (%) | 3245 (22.53%) | 28960 (24.30%) |
| Percentage of total tests that were antigen detection tests | 30.75% | |
| Positive specimens by type/subtype | [n (%)] | |
| Influenza A | 3198 (98.55%) | 28474 (98.32%) |
| Subtyping performed | 569 (17.79%) | 4742 (16.65%) |
| A (H1N1) | 157 (27.59%) | 1058 (22.31%) |
| A (H3N2) | 412 (72.41%) | 3684 (77.69%) |
| Subtyping not performed | 2629 (82.21%) | 23732 (83.35%) |
| Influenza B | 47 (1.45%) | 486 (1.68%) |



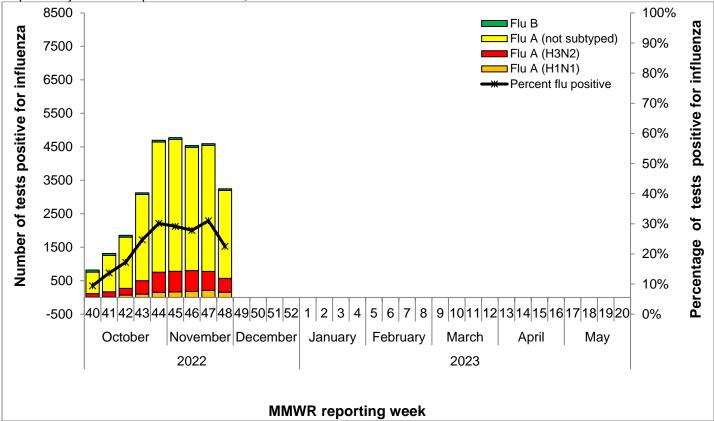


Table 3: Influenza Testing Performed by Texas Public Health Laboratories for the Current Week

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|---|--------------|--|
| Number of labs reporting flu tests | 3 | |
| Number of specimens tested | 158 | 1128 |
| Number of positive specimens (%) | 46 (29.11%) | 251 (22.25%) |
| Positive specimens by type/subtype/lineage [n | (%)] | |
| Influenza A | 46 (100.00%) | 249 (99.20%) |
| Subtyping performed | 42 (91.30%) | 217 (87.15%) |
| A (H1N1) | 25 (59.52%) | 67 (30.88%) |
| A (H3N2) | 17 (40.48%) | 150 (69.12%) |
| Subtyping not performed | 4 (8.70%) | 32 (12.85%) |
| Influenza B | 0 (0.00%) | 2 (0.80%) |
| Lineage testing performed | 0 (0.00%) | 0 (0.00%) |
| B/Victoria | 0 (0.00%) | 0 (0.00%) |
| B/Yamagata | 0 (0.00%) | 0 (0.00%) |
| Lineage testing not performed | 0 (0.00%) | 2 (100.00%) |
| Other* | 0 (0.00%) | 0 (0.00%) |

^{*}Other denotes specimens with coinfections (i.e. one specimen was positive for both influenza A (H1N1) and influenza A (H3N2))

Health Laboratories, 2022-2023 Season 60 Other* ■Flu B (Victoria) ■Flu B (Yamagata) 50 ■ Flu B (lineage not determined) Number of tests positive for influenza □ Flu A (not subtyped) ■ Flu A (H3N2) 40 □ Flu A (H1N1) 30 20 10 0 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 1 2 3 5 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 4 6 7 October November | December January **February** March April May 2022 MMWR Reporting Week 2023

Figure 2: Number of Tests (PCR) Positive for Influenza by Type, Subtype, and Lineage Reported by Texas Public Health Laboratories, 2022 2023 Season

Other Respiratory Viruses

The NREVSS system collects information on a variety of respiratory viruses in addition to influenza including parainfluenza virus, respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), rhinovirus, human metapneumovirus (HMPV), seasonal coronavirus, and respiratory adenovirus. The results for the current week are summarized below.

Table 4: Non-Influenza Respiratory Virus Testing Performed by Texas NREVSS Laboratories for the Current Week

| Virus | Number of Laboratories Testing | Tests Performed | Positive Tests | Percentage of Tests Positive |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Adenovirus (respiratory) | 15 | 3854 | 485 | 12.58% |
| HMPV | 15 | 3854 | 246 | 6.38% |
| Parainfluenza virus | 14 | 3820 | 327 | 8.56% |
| Rhino/enterovirus | 15 | 3854 | 761 | 19.75% |
| RSV [†] | 18 | 8498 | 856 | 10.07% |
| Seasonal coronavirus (does not include MERS-CoV or COVID-19) | 14 | 3235 | 102 | 3.15% |

[†] RSV tests displayed in the table are a combination of antigen detection, PCR, and culture tests. Some non-NREVSS reporters also contribute to the RSV data.

Antigenic Characterization

No antigenic characterization data for Texas specimens are currently available. The DSHS Laboratory sends a representative sample of influenza viruses to the CDC throughout the flu season.

Antiviral Resistance

No antiviral resistance testing data for Texas specimens are available presently.

^{*}Other denotes specimens with coinfections (i.e. one specimen was positive for both influenza A (H1N1) and influenza A (H3N2))

[^] Numbers and percentage may differ from the weekly RSV report. The weekly RSV report may be accessed at https://www.dshs.state.tx.us/RSV/disease/rsv-Data.aspx.

U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet)

Table 5: Texas ILINet Reporting and Patient Visit Summary for the Current Week

| | Week 48 |
|--|-------------|
| Number of providers reporting | 54 |
| Number of providers reporting patient visits | 54 |
| Number (%) of providers with at least one ILI case | 50 (92.59%) |
| Percentage of all visits due to ILI | 8.17% |
| Texas ILINet baseline [‡] , 2022-2023 | 4.85% |

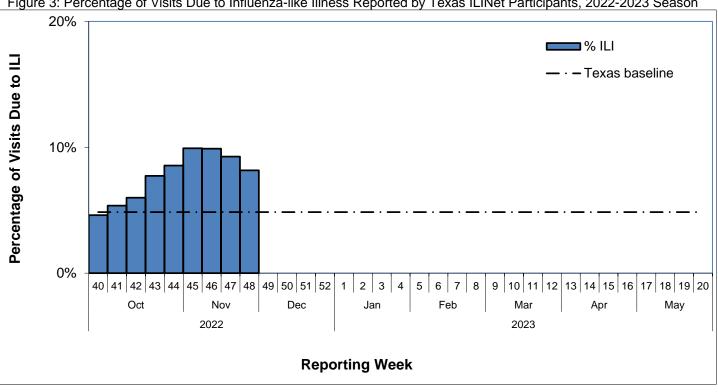
[‡]The baseline is the mean percentage of patient visits for ILI during non-influenza weeks for the previous three seasons plus two standard deviations. A "non-influenza week" is defined as a week that accounted for less than 2% of the season's total number of specimens that tested positive for influenza

Special Note: The case definition was changed to capture respiratory pathogens causing illness, including CoVID-19, through the ILINet. The Influenzalike Illness (ILI) case definition for the 2022-2023 season is a patient with fever (≥ 100°F, 37.8°C) AND cough and/or sore throat. There is no longer a restriction on the cause.

Table 6: Percentage of Visits for Influenza-like Illness Reported by Texas ILINet Providers (as of 12/8/2022 12:05 PM)

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|--|-----------|------|------|---------------------------|-------|-----|------------|-----------------|--------|
| Week Providers Number of ILI | | | | ases by Age Group (Years) | | | Total ILI | Total | % ILI |
| Week | Reporting | 0-4 | 5-24 | 25-49 | 50-64 | 65+ | (all ages) | Patients | /0 ILI |
| 202240 | 58 | 880 | 1279 | 268 | 103 | 57 | 2587 | 56131 | 4.61% |
| 202241 | 61 | 1092 | 1568 | 397 | 161 | 66 | 3284 | 61260 | 5.36% |
| 202242 | 59 | 1100 | 1860 | 445 | 201 | 78 | 3684 | 61477 | 5.99% |
| 202243 | 61 | 1460 | 2704 | 573 | 226 | 106 | 5069 | 65582 | 7.73% |
| 202244 | 61 | 1560 | 3061 | 692 | 269 | 125 | 5707 | 66745 | 8.55% |
| 202245 | 60 | 1405 | 2461 | 569 | 431 | 130 | 4996 | 50371 | 9.92% |
| 202246 | 49 | 1106 | 1755 | 431 | 159 | 142 | 3593 | 36326 | 9.89% |
| 202247 | 55 | 1422 | 1843 | 1047 | 374 | 207 | 4893 | 52843 | 9.26% |
| 202248 | 54 | 1342 | 1833 | 1127 | 436 | 284 | 5022 | 61480 | 8.17% |

Figure 3: Percentage of Visits Due to Influenza-like Illness Reported by Texas ILINet Participants, 2022-2023 Season



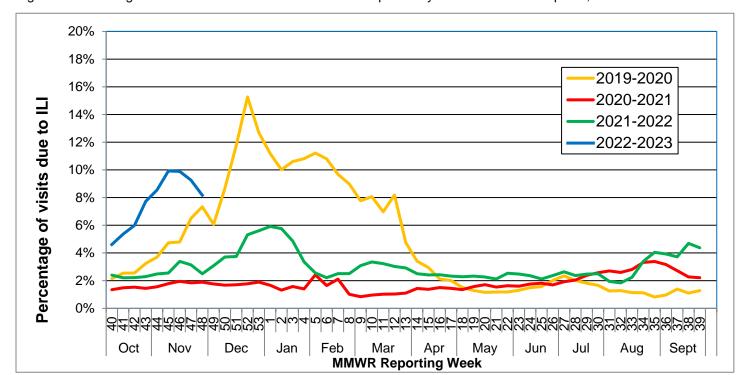


Figure 4: Percentage of Visits Due to Influenza-like Illness Reported by Texas ILINet Participants, 2019–2023 Seasons

Note: The 2020-2021 Flu Season contains MMWR week 202053. For graphical display compatibility with seasons containing 52 weeks, average values were generated using MMWR week 52 and 1 for Seasons: 2019-2020, 2021-2022, and 2022-23.

Reports from Health Service Regions

Reports were received from all Health Service Regions (HSRs) during week 48.

Table 7: Influenza Activity compared to week 47 by Health Service Region (HSR)

| Influenza Activity Comparison | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Increased | 1, 6/5S, 7, 9/11, and 11 |
| Same | |
| Decreased | 2/3, 4/5N, and 8 |
| Unsure | |

Variant Influenza Viruses

No variant or novel influenza viruses have been detected in Texas during the 2022-2023 season.

Institutional Outbreaks and School Closures

10 newly identified institutional outbreaks were reported in week 48.

Newly identified outbreaks were reported from Public Health Region 4/5N.

All outbreaks were reported from school facilities. No school closures have been reported.

Outbreaks will continue to be monitored until closure. Health departments remain in communication with facilities experiencing these outbreaks to offer outbreak guidance, and aid when necessary.

P&I Mortality Surveillance Data

*Deaths due to COVID-19 may be classified as pneumonia deaths or influenza deaths (deaths due to "flu" or "flu-like illness") in the absence of positive SARS-CoV-2 test results. Pneumonia and influenza (P&I) death data are obtained from death certificates of Texas residents whose underlying or contributing cause(s) of death is reported as pneumonia or influenza. P&I deaths are identified based on ICD-10 multiple cause of death codes. P&I deaths are based on ICD-10 pneumonia and influenza mortality codes.

One thousand and ninety-eight (1098) P&I deaths have been reported in Texas during the 2022-2023 influenza season.

Table 8: Texas P&I Deaths Occurring October 2, 2022- December 3, 2022* by Age

| Age Category | Number of P&I | Mortality Rate |
|--------------|---------------------|----------------|
| (years) | Deaths ⁺ | (per 100,000) |
| 0 - 4 | <10 | - |
| 5 - 17 | <10 | - |
| 18 - 49 | 98 | 0.71 |
| 50 - 64 | 218 | 4.14 |
| 65 + | 1025 | 23.24 |
| Overall | 1354 | 4.34 |

*NOTE: Data are provisional and subject to change, errors, and duplicates

Table 9: Texas P&I Deaths Occurring October 2, 2022- December 3, 2022* by Health Service Region (HSR)

| HSR | Number of P&I Deaths+ | Mortality Rate (per 100,000) |
|---------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | 64 | 6.66 |
| 2/3 | 375 | 4.25 |
| 4/5N | 95 | 6.11 |
| 6/5S | 321 | 3.71 |
| 7 | 159 | 4.50 |
| 8 | 138 | 3.27 |
| 9/10 | 80 | 7.66 |
| 11 | 122 | 5.13 |
| Unknown | - | - |
| Overall | 1354 | 4.34 |

*NOTE: Data are provisional and subject to change, errors, and duplicates

Influenza-Associated Pediatric Mortality

One mortality has been reported for week 48.

Case was identified as a 16-year-old male. The case was identified as having an underlying condition and was unvaccinated for the current seasonal influenza. RT-PCR confirmed Influenza A infection (non-subtyped).

Five pediatric mortalities have been reported in Texas during the 2022-2023 influenza season.

Cases of influenza-associated pediatric mortality (children <18 years of age) are reportable year-round by law in Texas.

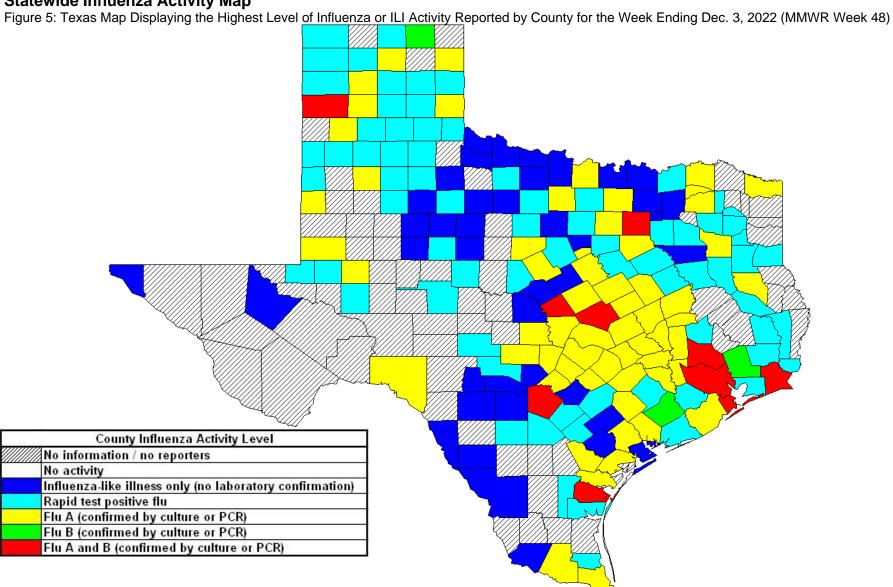
Table 10: Influenza-Associated Pediatric Deaths Reported in Texas during the 2022-2023 Season

| Month of Pediatric Death | Influenza A (H1N1) | Influenza A (H3N2) | Influenza A (Not Subtyped) | Influenza B | Influenza, Not Typed / Not Differentiated | Influenza virus co-infection: A (not subtyped) and B | Total, All Influenza Types / Subtypes |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|---|---|--|
| 2022 | | | | | | | 7. |
| October | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| November | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| December | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 |

⁺ If the cell count is less than 10, the number of P&I deaths is suppressed and <10 is written in the cell.

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Statewide Influenza Activity Map



Please note: The majority of influenza cases are not reportable by law in Texas. This map contains data from sentinel sites and only displays influenza and ILI cases that were reported to public health. Positive laboratory results are reported according to specimen collection date, or date received in the laboratory if the former is unknown.

Texas Influenza Surveillance Components and Measures

Activity codes (see http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm)

Statewide influenza activity level

A code reported weekly by states and territories to CDC indicating the geographic spread of influenza in the state. Levels are no activity, sporadic, local, regional, and widespread.

ILINet Activity Indicator

A statewide level of influenza-like illness intensity (on a scale of 1-10, with 1 being the lowest level) assigned to each state weekly by CDC based on data reported through ILINet.

Morbidity

Novel/variant influenza

Thorough investigations are performed on all cases of novel/variant influenza. This condition is reportable by law in Texas.

Texas II INet

Providers voluntarily report weekly to CDC's ILINet system on the number of outpatient visits for ILI and total outpatient visits. Providers may submit up to 5 specimens per month for influenza testing. See http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/idcu/disease/influenza/surveillance/ILINet/ for information on how to become an ILINet provider.

ILI activity

Non-ILINet providers report ILI or influenza data weekly to local or regional health departments.

Outbreaks

Healthcare, schools, childcare, and correctional facilities report ILI and influenza outbreaks to health departments in Texas. This condition is reportable by law in Texas.

Mortality

Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Mortality Surveillance

The DSHS Vital Statistics Unit collects death certificate information for all deaths on Texas residents from various partners such as funeral homes and local registrars around the state. The death certificates are then sent to the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) where the cause of death and underlying causes of death on the death certificates are coded with ICD-10 mortality codes. Once death certificates are coded, the information is sent back to DSHS Center for Health Statistics (CHS). CHS produces a Weekly Pneumonia and Influenza (P&I) Death Report and sends it to the State Influenza Surveillance Coordinator for inclusion in the Texas Weekly Flu Report. P&I deaths are identified based on ICD-10 multiple cause of death codes, and in particular, pneumonia and influenza mortality codes. Delays inherent in death reporting and coding practices may cause the number of reported P&I deaths to vary considerably each week.

Influenza-associated pediatric deaths

Deaths that are associated with influenza in children < 18 years of age are reported to health departments in Texas. *This condition is reportable by law in Texas*. http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/idcu/disease/IAPM/

Laboratory

DSHS Austin laboratory

Providers voluntarily submit specimens to the DSHS Austin laboratory for influenza PCR testing throughout the season. Providers sign up for this program through their local health departments.

Laboratory Response Network (LRN) laboratories

Providers voluntarily submit specimens to one of the 9 Texas LRNs for influenza PCR testing throughout the season. Providers sign up for this program through their local health departments.

NREVSS

Laboratories voluntarily report influenza and other respiratory virus data weekly through the CDC's online NREVSS reporting system.

Laboratories sign up for this program by contacting DSHS. https://www.cdc.gov/surveillance/nrevss/

Recommended Resources

Texas Department of State Health Services DSHS influenza page: http://www.texasflu.org/

Influenza surveillance data and reports: http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/idcu/disease/influenza/surveillance/

Map of Texas Health Service Regions: http://www.dshs.state.tx.us/regions/state.shtm

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

National FluView weekly flu report: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/ Variant influenza viruses: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/swineflu/variant.htm Avian influenza viruses: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/avianflu/index.htm Swine influenza viruses: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/swineflu/index.htm

Infection Control in Healthcare Facilities: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/professionals/infectioncontrol/

Seasonal Flu Information for Schools and Childcare Providers: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/school/index.htm

World Health Organization

Influenza page: http://www.who.int/topics/influenza/en/
Disease Outbreak News: http://www.who.int/csr/don/en/